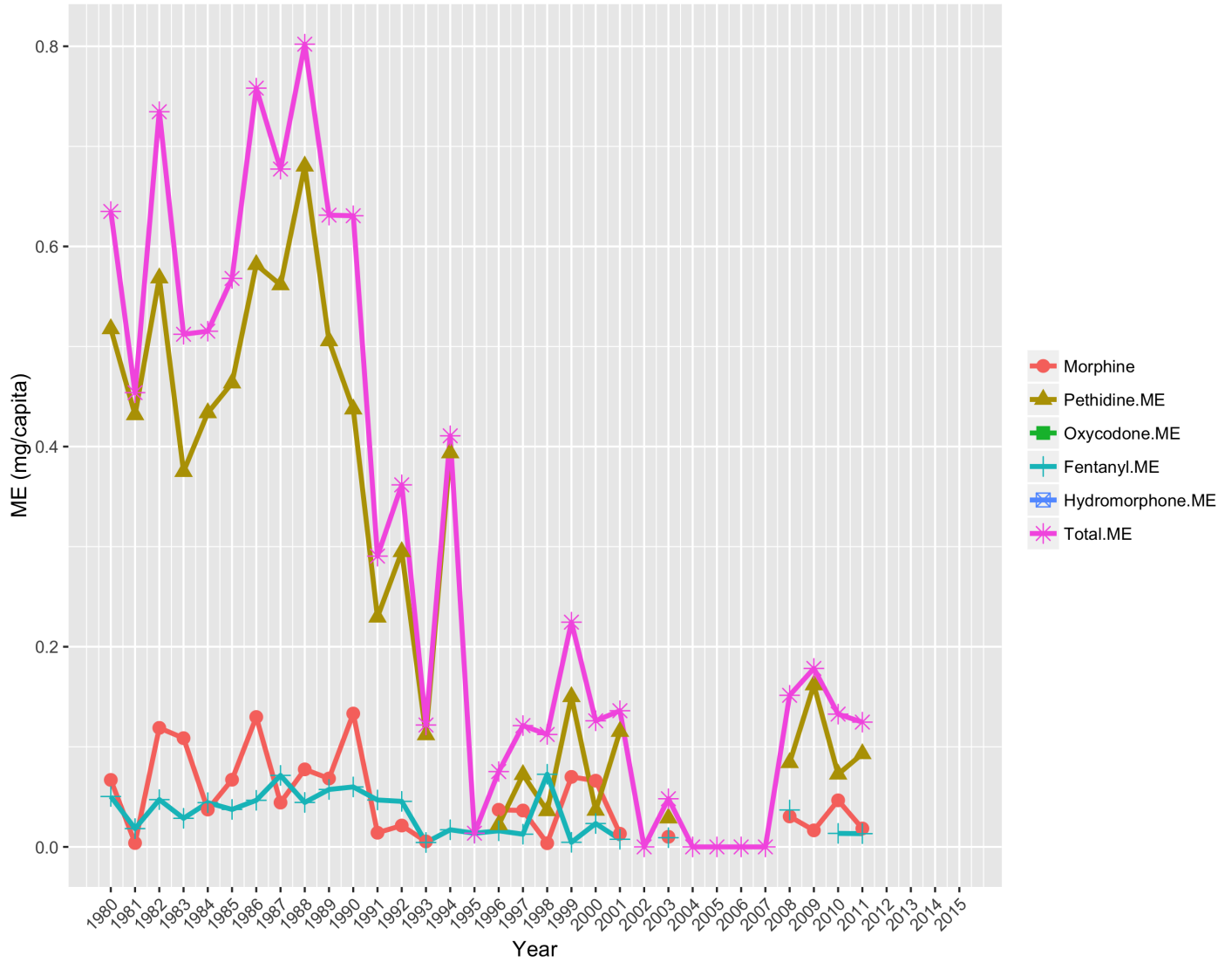


Iraq

Opioid Consumption in Morphine Equivalence (ME) minus Methadone, mg per person



Sources: International Narcotics Control Board; World Health Organization population data
By: Pain & Policy Studies Group, University of Wisconsin/WHO Collaborating Center, 2015

Iraq

Opioid Consumption in Morphine Equivalence (ME) minus Methadone, mg per person

Note: Blank cells indicate no consumption data

Year	Morphine	Pethidine ME	Oxycodone ME	Fentanyl ME	Hydromorphone ME	Total ME
1980	0.0669	0.5177		0.0504		0.6349
1981	0.0039	0.4317		0.0183		0.4539
1982	0.1189	0.5685		0.0472		0.7346
1983	0.1087	0.3750		0.0286		0.5122
1984	0.0373	0.4337		0.0442		0.5153
1985	0.0671	0.4635		0.0374		0.5680
1986	0.1298	0.5818		0.0466		0.7582
1987	0.0443	0.5616		0.0714		0.6773
1988	0.0775	0.6802		0.0444		0.8021
1989	0.0683	0.5056		0.0574		0.6313
1990	0.1333	0.4375		0.0599		0.6307
1991	0.0141	0.2295		0.0469		0.2905
1992	0.0213	0.2949		0.0455		0.3618
1993	0.0055	0.1120		0.0044		0.1218
1994		0.3937		0.0171		0.4108
1995				0.0137		0.0137
1996	0.0371	0.0221		0.0161		0.0752
1997	0.0364	0.0722		0.0127		0.1212
1998	0.0037	0.0361		0.0726		0.1123
1999	0.0699	0.1500		0.0046		0.2246
2000	0.0662	0.0365		0.0234		0.1260
2001	0.0132	0.1153		0.0076		0.1361
2002						0.0000
2003	0.0101	0.0288		0.0092		0.0481
2004						0.0000
2005						0.0000
2006						0.0000
2007						0.0000
2008	0.0304	0.0841		0.0369		0.1515
2009	0.0165	0.1618				0.1783
2010	0.0465	0.0726		0.0135		0.1327
2011	0.0184	0.0930		0.0132		0.1247
2012						
2013						
2014						
2015						

Data sources:

Consumption data - International Narcotics Control Board

Population - United Nations World Population Prospects, 2013 Revision

ME conversion factors - WHOCC Centre for Drug Statistics Methodology

Pain & Policy Studies Group

University of Wisconsin

Carbone Cancer Center

WHO Collaborating Center